Using a refresh_token to obtain a new BHRestToken:

1) The initial step to obtain an access_token involves a GET call to the following address:

GET

 $https://auth.bullhornstaffing.com/oauth/authorize?client_id=\{client_id\}\&response_type=code\&username=\{username\}\&password=\{password\}\&action=Login\}$

An example of a response from this call is as follows:

http://www.bullhorn.com/a/?utm_expid=155673-10.14Pw12I_R3Kmv-gPghUK9A.1&code=9%3A9a860297-de13-4c61-9541-7c3191cc51eb&client_id={client_id}

NOTE: The value after code= and before & is your access token

2) A POST call is made using the access_token in Step 1 to obtain an access_token and refresh_token: POST

https://auth.bullhornstaffing.com/oauth/token?grant_type=authorization_code&code=9%3A9a860297-de13-4c61-9541-7c3191cc51eb&client_id={client_id}&client_secret={client_secret}

An example of a response from this call is as follows: {
 "access_token": "9:95f8fe44-b2c9-4c8f-8b21-78cf610012ef",
 "token_type": "Bearer",

"expires_in": 600, "refresh_token": "9:819621a9-4dc0-4442-928c-bdba75e29c59"

3) Use the access_token from the API Response in Step 2 in a GET call to receive the BHRestToken:

https://rest9.bullhornstaffing.com/rest-services/login?version=*&access_token={access_token}

An example of a response from this call is as follows:

```
"BhRestToken": "acee3170-e203-4672-817e-850ee38dc7dd",
"restUrl": https://rest9.bullhornstaffing.com/rest-services/{corp_token}/
```

4) When the BHRestToken expires, the refresh_token from Step 2 can be used in a POST call to obtain a new access_token:

POST

https://auth.bullhornstaffing.com/oauth/token?grant_type=refresh_token&refresh_token={refresh_token}&client_id={client_id}&client_secret}

An example of a response from this call is as follows:

```
{
    "access_token": "9:95f8fe44-b2c9-4c8f-8b21-78cf610012ef",
    "token_type": "Bearer",
    "expires_in": 600,
    "refresh_token": "9:819621a9-4dc0-4442-928c-bdba75e29c59"
}
```

Important Notice:

Sometimes a refresh_token can be invalidated for a number of reasons.

- 1) If a call was made using the refresh_token and the Bullhorn API processed the request, but the response never made it to you due to unforeseen circumstances (ie: network error, latency, routing issues, etc.).
- 2) If you're using a user's session to authenticate and changes are made to that user account.
- 3) If you're making your API calls to the wrong data-center specific URLs as outlined in the documentation: http://bullhorn.github.io/Data-Center-URLs/
- 4) Sharing the API Credentials across multiple API applications will invalidate all existing tokens bound to those credentials immediately.

In these situations, the credentials used in Step 1 should be stored and used again to start the process over.